M1. (a) Increase in temperature:
Yield is increased (Allow if for $\mathbf{H}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ or products) (1)
Reaction endothermic (1)
Equilibrium moves to the right OR forward, OR Equilibrium moves to oppose change OR to absorb heat (1)

If "Yield statement" incorrect allow max one if reaction stated to be endothermic

## Increase in pressure:

Yield is decreased (Allow if for $\mathbf{H}_{2}(\mathbf{g})$ or products) (1) Increase in moles of gas or 2 moles increased to 4 moles or more moles on right (1)
Equilibrium moves to the left OR backwards, OR Equilibrium moves to oppose change OR to reduce pressure (1)

If "Yield statement" incorrect allow max one if number of moles change is correct.
(b) Equilibrium yield:

Unaffected or equilibrium unchanged (1)
Rate or speed increased (1)
Forward and backwards reactions equally or by the same amount (1)

## Amount of hydrogen produced:

More hydrogen produced (1)

M2. (a) Activation energy;-
The minimum energy needed for a reaction to occur / start (1)
(b) Catalyst effect:-

Alternative route (or more molecules have Ea) (1)
Lower activation energy (1)
(c) Increase in moles of gas:-

Position of $E_{\text {mp }}$ unchanged (1)
More molecules with $E_{m p}$ (1)
Area under curve increases (1)
Molecules with $E \geq E_{\mathrm{a}}$ increased (1)
Temperature decreased:-
Position of $E_{\mathrm{mp}}$ moves to the left (1)
More molecules with $E_{m p}$ (1)
Area under curve unchanged (1)
Molecules with $E \geq \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{a}}$ decreased (1)
Catalyst introduced:-
Position of $E_{m p}$ unchanged (1)
Molecules with $E_{m p}$ unchanged (1)
Area under curve unchanged (1)
Molecules with $E \geq E_{\mathrm{a}}$ increased (1)

M3.D

